SIEMENS

ACVATIX™

Intelligent Valve - Control valve with integrated energy measurement

EVG.., EVF..



Intelligent Valve – control valve with integrated energy data acquisition for ventilation and air conditioning plants as well as precontrol circuits in HVAC applications. Sensor-guided dynamic flow control.

- Threaded valves EVG4U10E...
 - DN15...50
 - Nominal volume flow 1.5...18 m³/h
 - Externally threaded connection per ISO-228
- Flanged valves EVF4U20E.. and DN150 solution:
 - DN65...150
 - Nominal volume flow 30...170 m³/h
 - Flange connection per ISO 7005
- System integration in building control technology over BACnet IP
- System integration in building automation and control over Modbus RTU
- Supports the direct transfer to Siemens Building Operator
- Ultrasonic volume flow measurement at measuring accuracy ± 2 % for water and ± 6 % for water-ethylene glycol mixtures
- Temperature measurement with paired immersion temperature sensors



The Intelligent Valve is a 2-port pressure-independent control valve (PICV) with volume flow, temperature and power measurement for heating, ventilation, and air conditioning plants.

The valve can be integrated as analog (DC 0/2...10 V or 4...20 mA) or digital (BACnet IP / Modbus RTU) into the temperature control circuit. All process data (volume flow, power, primary flow and return temperature, etc.) can still be read out digitally even if integrated as analog.

The Intelligent Valve also has local limitation and optimization functions that support energy-efficient plant operation.

In addition to digital integration in the building automation and control system, integration in the cloud with the Siemens Building Operator app supports the building operator to operate and monitor the system as well as evaluate energy consumption.

The Intelligent Valve has 5 control functions:

- Dynamic control valve
- Dynamic control valve (changeover)
- Differential pressure controller
- Flow temperature controller
- Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller

Volume flow limitation and energy acquisition are available at any time in all 5 control functions.

Intelligent Valve as dynamic control valve

In this control function, the Intelligent Valve is part of a temperature control circuit and receives a setpoint from a superposed automation station that it interprets, depending on the control mode, as valve position, volume flow, or output and controls accordingly.

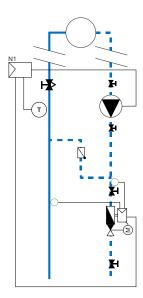
The example to the right depicts this based on a precontrol circuit for chilled ceilings.

Automation station [N1] controls the flow temperature of the chilled ceiling circuit by demand and specifies the setpoint of 0...100 % on the Intelligent Valve. This can occur in analog

(0...100 % = DC 0...10 V) form or else remotely over BACnet IP or Modbus RTU.

The Intelligent Valve follows this setpoint and sets, e.g. in volume flow control mode, the appropriate volume flow.

The DN150 solution is only supported in the function as dynamic control valve. Water (non-ethylene glycol mixtures) is used as the measured medium.



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Intelligent Valve as dynamic control valve (changeover)

In this control function, the Intelligent Valve acts as a dynamic control valve using 2 sets of parameters for the limitation functions, such as the volume flow maximum or the ΔT -limitation: one set for heating operation, and one set for cooling operation. The mode of operation (heating or cooling) is recognized automatically via the measured flow and return temperatures.

The example to the right depicts this based on a throttling circuit for a combined heating/cooling register.

Automation station [N1] switches between heating and cooling mode as needed, and specifies the setpoint of 0...100 % on the Intelligent Valve.

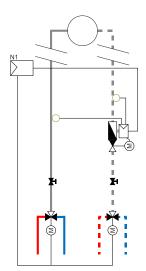
The Intelligent Valve follows this setpoint and sets the appropriate volume flow.

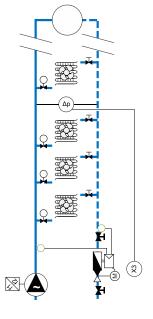
Intelligent Valve as differential pressure controller

The Intelligent Valve can act as a differential pressure controller for a section of the plant.

In this control function, the Intelligent Valve controls independently of an automation station. Using an auxiliary differential pressure sensor [X3], it acquires the present differential pressure in the plant section and adjusts the valve position resulting in a constant differential pressure.

In this control function, the Intelligent Valve does not receive an external setpoint, but rather controls to a fixed local setpoint that the user sets with ABT Go.





Intelligent Valve as flow temperature controller without outside air temperature sensor

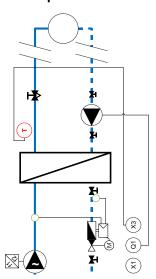
In this control function, the Intelligent Valve assumes the role of the automation station.

Using an auxiliary secondary flow temperature sensor [X3], it acquires the flow temperature and controls to the present temperature setpoint by adjusting the volume flow.

Possible sensor types at [X3] are passive sensors with sensing elements LG-Ni-1000, DIN-Ni-1000 or Pt1000 (385/EU).

The temperature setpoint can be preset externally via BACnet IP and Modbus RTU or analog at [X1] $(0...10 \text{ V} = 0...100 ^{\circ}\text{C})$.

The secondary pump is released by relais [Q1] as soon as the setpoint for secondary flow temperature is > 0 °C.



Intelligent Valve as outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller

The Intelligent Valve can control the valve in a heating group to a flow temperature based on the outside temperature. In this control function, the Intelligent Valve assumes the role of the automation station.

In outside temperature-dependent control, the flow temperature [X3] is assigned to the prevailing outside air temperature [X1] via the heating curve.

Possible sensor types at [X3] are passive sensors with sensing elements LG-Ni-1000, DIN-Ni-1000 or Pt1000 (385/EU), or active sensors (0...10 V = -50...50 $^{\circ}$ C).

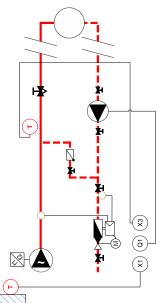
The secondary flow temperature sensor [X3] acquires the present flow temperature and the Intelligent Valve controls it to the determined flow temperature setpoint by adjusting the volume flow.

Possible sensor types at [X3] are passive sensors with sensing elements LG-Ni-1000, DIN-Ni-1000 or Pt1000 (385/EU).

In addition to the heating curve, a weekly time switch can also preset the room operating mode (Comfort, Pre-Comfort, Economy, Protection).

The heating curve and the weekly scheduler are set in ABT Go.

The heating circuit pump can be released or locked with relay [Q1].



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Not every type of digital integration is available in every control function. Based on control function, the following options are available:

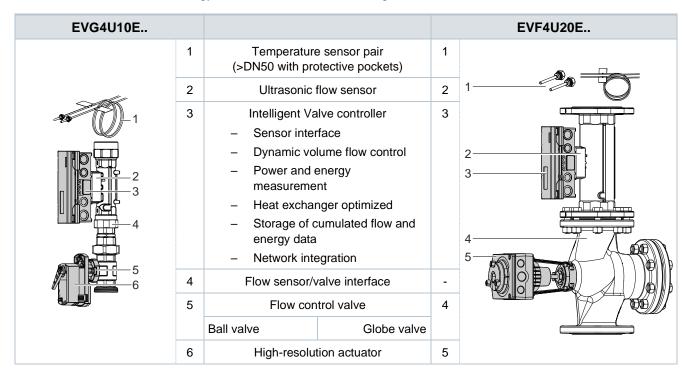
	Dyn. control valve / Dyn. control valve (changeover)	Differential pressure controller	Flow temperature controller	Outside temp. dependent heating circuit				
BACnet IP		Selectable						
Modbus RTU	Selectable	-	Selectable	-				
Cloud		Selectable						

Technical design

Basic design

The Intelligent Valve combines four main functions:

- Exact, continuous volume flow measurement with an ultrasonic flow sensor
- Precise temperature measurement using paired Pt1000 temperature sensors
- Precise volume control using a control valve with a high-resolution actuator
- Dynamic hydronic balancing, power and energy calculations, storage of cumulated flow and energy data as well as network integration via a central control unit



Volume flow is acquired continuously in the ultrasonic flow sensor and provided to the Intelligent Valve controller, where the controller applies it as the actual value for control or limitation by guiding the control valve position until the volume flow actual value for the applicable setpoint is achieved.

The Intelligent Valve supports 3 control modes in this control function:

- Volume flow control
- Position control
- Power control

Volume flow limitation is active on all control modes!

Volume flow control

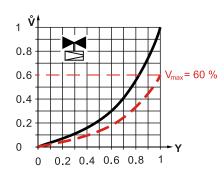
In the basic configuration, the Intelligent Valve operates as an electronic PICV (pressure-independent control valve). This control mode is referred to as volume flow control. The positioning signal is proportional to the volume flow to be controlled (setpoint 0 % = closed; setpoint 100 % = \dot{V}_{100}). The setpoint range reflects new limit values (setpoint 0 % = \dot{V}_{min} , setpoint 100 % = \dot{V}_{max}), if volume flow limitation (\dot{V}_{min} and/or \dot{V}_{max}) is activated. In volume flow control, the flow characteristic curve can be adapted to the heat exchanger's transfer behavior.

3 characteristic curves are available:

Equal percentage, optimized in the opening range (factory setting)

Recommended for heating and cooling registers, where the transfer characteristic is unknown.

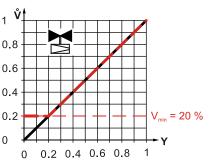
____: Modified characteristic curve with volume flow maximum limitation at 60 %



Linear

Recommended for plate heat exchangers water/water or injection circuits in precontrol circuits.

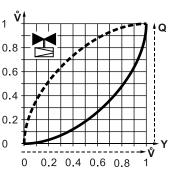
____: Cut characteristic at the volume flow minimum limitation



Heat exchanger optimized

Recommended for heating and cooling registers, where the transfer characteristic (a-value) is known.

Q = f(V) Heat exchanger characteristicV = f(Y) Flow characteristic for Intelligent Valve



 \dot{V} = Volume flow \dot{V} / \dot{V} ₁₀₀ Y = Positioning signal Q = Heating output

In the event of volume flow maximum limitation, the curve always adapts to the entered limitation setpoint (example for equal percentage curve).

During volume flow minimum limitation, the characteristic is cut off below the minimum flow (example for a linear characteristic curve).

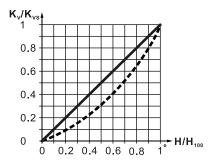
Position control

The control valve position is proportional to the setpoint (setpoint 0 % = closed; setpoint 100 % = H_{100}) – whereby the limitation to the applicable maximum volume flow (\dot{V}_{100} or \dot{V}_{max}) remains active.

Dynamic volume flow control is inactive in position control mode and the k_{VS} valve characteristic curve is not electronically modified.

The k_{VS} valve characteristic curve is derived by combining the control valve or control ball valve characteristic and the resistance characteristic of the flow sensor.

This results in an equal percentage k_{VS} valve characteristic curve with a ngl 2.2 for valves with a threaded connection EVG.. (_____); the k_{VS} valve characteristic curve for flanged valves EVF.. is nearly linear (_____).



Power control

The design output is the reference variable. It is defined by:

- Design volume flow V_{max}
- Design temperatures T_{VL}, design and T_{RL}, design

Design output = $c \times design volume flow \times difference of the design temperatures$

$$\dot{Q}_{design} \sim \dot{V}_{max} \times (T_{VL, design} - T_{RL, design})$$

whereby \dot{Q}_{max} is the output limitation in %, relating to the design output of the consumption (heat exchanger/precontrol circuit).

The setpoint for the output for control is interpreted by referencing the output limitation – $(Y = 0...100 \% \dot{Q}_{max}; 0 \% = closed; 100 \% = \dot{Q}_{max}),$

The "Sizing" section provides a table of the output values for water at typical temperature differences (Sizing as dynamic control valve $[\rightarrow 10]$).

The volume flow maximum limitation (\dot{V}_{100} or \dot{V}_{max}) also remains active in power control mode. In power control, the dynamic volume flow control is inactive, since any undesired change in volume flow automatically results in a change in output, which is controlled anyway.

The flow characteristic curve is not relevant to power control.

Operating limits and other features

Nominal volume flow and minimum required differential pressure

The Intelligent Valve has, as does any dynamic PICV, a nominal flow \dot{V}_{100} by build design that may not be exceeded during operation. A minimum differential pressure (Δp_{min}) is required to achieve nominal volume flow; it is calculated from the Intelligent Valve k_{vs} value. In contrast to mechanical PICVs, the electronic volume flow control on the Intelligent Valve remains active below the minimum differential pressure – so that the network is always optimally balanced.

The Intelligent Valve supports different limitation functions:

- Volume flow maximum limitation
- Volume flow minimum limitation
- Output maximum limitation
- Return temperature min./max. limitation
- Δ T-limitation limitation of the difference between the flow and return temperature
- Adapted volume flow maximum limitation

Volume flow maximum limitation

We recommend activating the volume flow maximum limitation if the design volume flow for the partial plant (heating coil/cooler/precontrol circuit) as controlled by the Intelligent Valve, is lower than the nominal flow of the Intelligent Valve. In volume flow control mode, the set volume flow \dot{V}_{max} – which can be anywhere between 30...100 % of the nominal volume flow – is interpreted as the 100 % setpoint. It only serves as the limitation value in the other control modes.

Volume flow minimum limitation

The volume flow minimum limitation achieves a minimum flow through the controlled partial plant where this appears to be appropriate. The limitation is of course pressure independent so that there is no over or under-supply as the local differential pressure changes.

Output maximum limitation

In contrast to volume flow limitation, the output limitation adapts dynamically to the temperature distribution in the plant. As a consequence, power control is more suitable for critical users than volume flow limitation.

Return temperature min./max. limitation

Modern, high-efficiency output generators must have sufficient low/high return temperatures to achieve their output numbers/degree of efficiency. With Intelligent Valve, you can precisely limit the return temperature value as needed by the given plant.

A return temperature maximum limitation is available if the Intelligent Valve is used in a heating application; a return temperature minimum limitation is available in a cooling application.

The setting is made in two steps:

- 1. Enable the function
- 2. Set the limitation
 - Factory setting for maximum limitation = 40 °C; setting range = 0...100 °C
 - Factory setting for minimum limitation = 10 °C; setting range = 0...100 °C

ΔT-limitation

In systems where the flow temperature cannot be maintained at a constant level – e.g. due high swings in load or insufficient generation capacity – limiting the difference between the flow and return temperature is an alternative to absolute return temperature limitation. ΔT -limitation ensures that the consumer is not supplied with more output than the consumer can process.

The setting is made in two steps:

- 1. Enable the function
- 2. Set the limitation
 - Factory setting ΔT-limitation = 6 °C; setting range = 0...40 °C

Adapted volume flow maximum limitation

Enabling the adapted volume flow maximum limitation is a good idea in systems where the design volume flow and power in the part of the partial plant controlled by the Intelligent Valve (heating coil/cooler/precontrol circuit) are unknown, or will regularly change in the future due to expansion of the plant or changes of use. This limitation avoids— both in the full load and partial load range— excessive volume flow demands from the controller, as can occur at sudden swings in load or switch-on processes.

The adapted volume flow maximum limitation functions as a moving maximum filter, and calculates the adapted maximum limitation value from the measured volume flow values of the last 4 days. Short-term increases are limited to this adapted maximum limitation value. Longer-term increases (lasting more than 3 hours) lead to a gradual upwards adjustment of the adapted maximum limitation value.

The setting is made by enabling the function. A setpoint is not needed.

Backup mode

The backup mode specifies the device behavior in case of loss of communication, cable breakage or setpoint failure. If the setpoint is invalid for a configurable period of time, the backup mode determines the device's reaction.

This feature can be configured in 3 different ways:

- The valve is closed in backup mode.
- The device follows the last available setpoint.
- The device follows a predetermined setpoint.

As soon as a valid setpoint is available again, the backup mode stops.

Not all features are available to each control mode. The following features are available based on control mode:

	_	mic control v		Differential pressure	Flow temperature	Outside temperature-	
	Position control	Volume flow control	Power control	controller	controller	dependent heating circuit	
Setpoint		External		Internal	External Internal		
Volume flow maximum limitation			Alv	vays active			
Volume flow minimum limitation		Selectable					
Output maximum limitation	-		Always active	-			
Return temperature limitation		Selectable		-	Selectable		
ΔT-limitation	Selectable			-	Selectable -		
Adapted volume flow maximum limitation		Selectable		-	Selectable		
Backup mode		Selectable			Selectable	-	

Only available for the setpoint sources "terminal" and "Modbus RTU".

The Intelligent Valve can be used with all nominal sizes in hydronic circuits with chilled/hot water. For a continuous range of the maximum volume flow of 0.45...120 m³/h, use in applications with water-ethylene glycol mixtures with glycol concentrations between 20...35 % is also possible.

The lower limit with regards to water-ethylene glycol mixtures is due to the specifications by antifreeze manufacturers, which do not recommend a lower concentration.

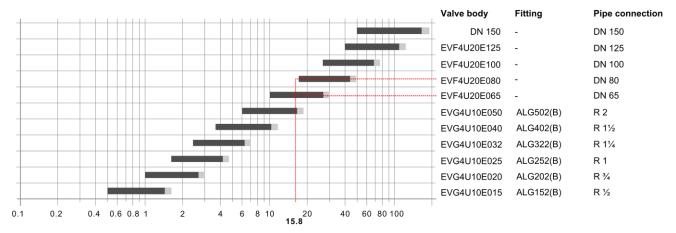
For reliable volume flow/energy measurements of water-ethylene glycol mixtures, the concentration must be parametrized as accurately as possible (parameter "liquid concentration").

Sizing

Sizing as dynamic control valve with water

As a pressure-independent solution, it is generally easy to size the Intelligent Valve. If the volume flow is already a known variable, simply select the corresponding valve plus – if desired – the suitable fittings from the diagram below. The electronic volume flow controller ensures that the valves always achieve the specific nominal volume flow. The nominal volume flow cannot however be exceeded.

We recommend selecting the valves so that the maximum volume flow \dot{V}_{max} must be preset to a value of 30...90 %. Just in case that a somewhat higher volume flow is required during installation than was originally calculated.



Volume flow \dot{V} [m³/h]

Recommended design range that permits a subsequent increase in volume flow during the installation phase = 30...90 % of \dot{V}_{100}

_ Maximum design range with no reserve to increase the volume flow = 90...100 % of \dot{V}_{100}

Example			
Required volume flow \dot{V}_{max}	Intelligent Valve s	selection	
15.8 m³/h	EVG4U10E050:	$\dot{V}_{100} = 18 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$	$\Rightarrow \dot{V}_{max} = 88 \%$
	EVF4U20E065:	$\dot{V}_{100} = 30 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$	$\Rightarrow \dot{V}_{max} = 53 \%$

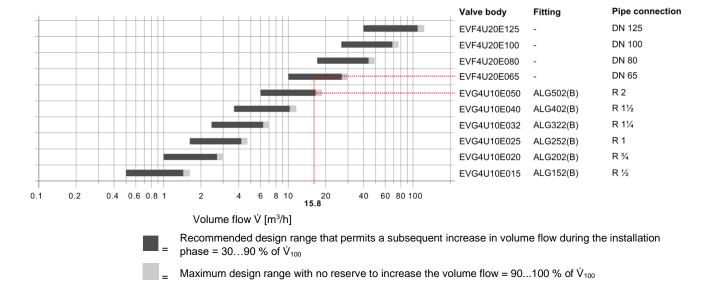
Maximum consumer output range at typical temperature differences with water:

Туре	Stock number	DN	V ₁₀₀		Q [k	W] at	
			[m³/h]	ΔT 6 K	ΔT 10 K	ΔT 15 K	ΔT 20 K
EVG4U10E015	S55300-M100	15	1.5	10.4	17.4	26.1	34.5
EVG4U10E020	S55300-M101	20	3	20.9	34.8	52	70
EVG4U10E025	S55300-M102	25	4.5	31.3	52	78	104
EVG4U10E032	S55300-M103	32	7	49	81	122	162
EVG4U10E040	S55300-M104	40	11.5	80	133	200	267
EVG4U10E050	S55300-M105	50	18	125	209	313	418
EVF4U20E065	S55300-M106	65	30	209	348	522	696
EVF4U20E080	S55300-M107	80	48	334	557	835	1114
EVF4U20E100	S55300-M108	100	75	522	870	1305	1740
EVF4U20E125	S55300-M109	125	120	835	1392	2088	2784
DN150	-	150	170	1183	1972	2958	3944

Sizing as dynamic control valve with ethylene glycol mixtures

Sizing the Intelligent Valve for use with water-ethylene glycol mixtures is done analogously to sizing with water. If the volume flow is a known variable. Simply the corresponding valve plus – if desired – the suitable fittings from the diagram below.

We recommend selecting the valves so that the maximum volume flow \dot{V}_{max} must be preset to a value of 30...90 %.



Sizing as flow temperature controller

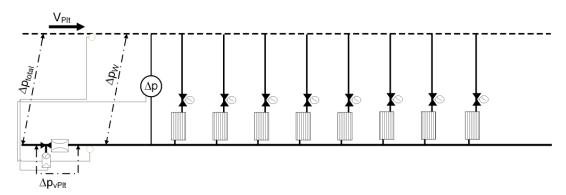
As a rule, the output for transmission in this control function is available at the indicated primary design temperatures as design variables.

This information can be used to calculate the required plant design volume flow which then influences the valve selection. See Engineering examples [\rightarrow 12].

Sizing as differential pressure controller

4 design parameters are required to design as differential pressure controller:

- 1. The differential pressure Δp_w to control; it may be between 25...120 kPa.
- 2. The minimum pending total differential pressure $\Delta p_{total, min}$
- 3. The maximum pending total differential pressure $\Delta p_{total, max}$
- 4. The design flow V_{Plt} for the section of the plant controlled by the Intelligent Valve



 Δp_{total} = Available plant differential pressure

 \dot{V}_{Plt} = Design volume flow to control the partial plant

 $\Delta p_w = \text{Required differential pressure to control the partial plant}$ $\Delta p_{VPlt} = \text{Available differential pressure for the Intelligent Valve}$

In an initial step, the minimum differential pressure available to the Intelligent Valve is calculated:

 $\Delta p_{VPIt} = \Delta p_{total, min} - \Delta p_{w}$

The minimum required k_V value for the Intelligent Valve can be determined using the Δp_{VPlt} and the design flow \dot{V}_{Plt} :

 $min k_v = \dot{V}_{Plt} / \sqrt{(\Delta p_{VPlt})}$

Select the valve with the next higher k_{VS} value from the Type summary [\rightarrow 15].

Engineering examples

Intelligent Valve as dynamic control valve or flow temperature controller

Calculation basis

- 1. Determination of heating or cooling demand Q [kW]
- 2. Determination of temperature difference ΔT [K]
- 3. Calculation of volume flow

$$\dot{V}[m^3/h] = \frac{Q[kW] \times 3600[s]}{4190[kJ/kgK] \times \Delta T[K]}$$

4. Select the suitable Intelligent Valve EV..

Example

1.	Heating/cooling power	Q = 110 kW		
2.	Temperature difference	ΔT = 6 K		
3.	Volume flow $\dot{V}[m^3/h] = \frac{110 \text{ kW} \times 3600 \text{ s}}{4190 \text{ kJ/kgK} \times 6 \text{ K}} = 15.8 \text{ m}^3/h$ Note: You can use the valve slider to determine volume flow.			
4.	Select EV Select the Intelligent Valve to operate at 90% of the nominal volume flow to allow for higher heating or cooling output as needed.			
	Selection:	EVG4U10E050		
		$\Delta p_{min} = 28 \text{ kPa}$		
		EVF4U20E065		
		$\Delta p_{min} = 8 \text{ kPa}$		
5.	Evaluate presetting			
	EVG4U10E050: 15.8 / 18 = 88 %	Optimum selection		
	EVF4U20E065: 15.8 / 30 = 53 %			

Intelligent Valve as differential pressure controller

Calculation basis

- 1. Determination of the minimum available differential pressure for the Intelligent Valve $min \ \Delta p_{VPlt}[kPa]$
- 2. Determination of the plant flow $\dot{V}_{Plt}[m^3/h]$
- 3. Calculation of the minimum required k_V value

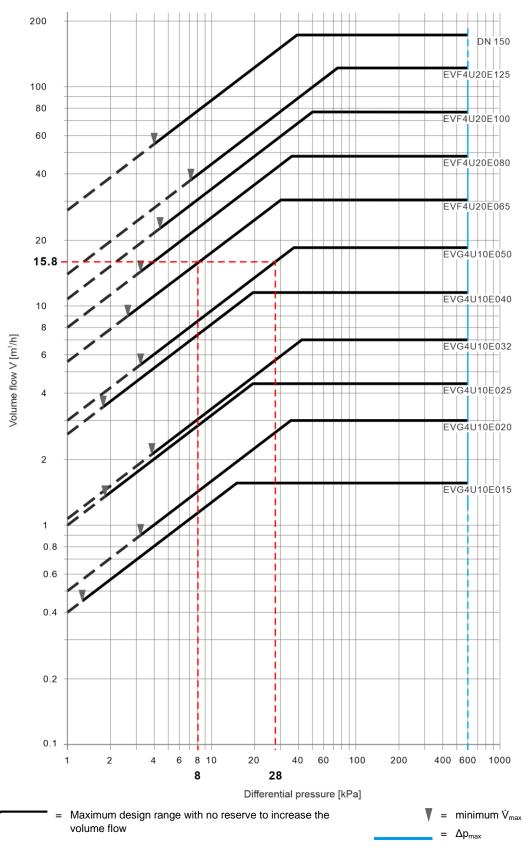
$$\mathit{mink}_v[m^3/h] = \frac{\dot{V}_{pit}[m^3/h]}{\sqrt{\mathit{min}\Delta p_{vpit}[bar]}}$$

4. Select a suitable Intelligent Valve EV..: k_{VS} > min k_V

Example

1.	Required plant differential pressure	$\Delta p_{w} = 35 \text{ kPa } (0.35 \text{ bar})$
	Available minimum total differential pressure	$\Delta p_{\text{total, min}} = 50 \text{ kPa (0.5 bar)}$
	Minimum available differential pressure for the Intelligent Valve	$min \Delta p_{VPIt} = 50 - 35 = 15 \text{ kPa } (0.15 \text{ bar})$
2.	Plant flow	$\dot{V}_{Plt} = 16m^3/h$
3.	Required minimum k_V value $ mink_v[m^3/h] = \frac{16 \ m^3/h}{\sqrt{0.15 \ bar}} = 41.3 \ m^3/h $	
4.	Select EV Select an Intelligent Valve with a minimum k_{VS} of 41.3 m ³ /h. 16 m ³ /h can be supplied even at the minimum available diff	•
	Selection:	EVF4U20E065 $k_{VS} = 55 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ Δp_{V100} at 16 m $^3/\text{h} = 8.5 \text{ kPa}$
5.	Evaluate presetting	
•	EVF4U20E065: 16 / 30 = 53 %	Optimum selection

To determine the pressure drop at the requested maximum volume flow, you can rely on the k_{vs} value under Type summary (page Type summary [\rightarrow 15]).



Calculated volume flow V	Intelligent Valve selection	Differential pressure [kPa]
15.8 m³/h	EVG4U10E050	28
	EVF4U20E065	8

Threaded Intelligent Valve EVG4U10E...

Туре	Stock number	DN	V 100	<i>min</i> V _{max}	Δp _{V100}	Δp _{V50}	Δp_{max}	Δps	ps	k _{VS}
			[m	³/h]			[kPa]			[m³/h]
EVG4U10E015	S55300-M100	15	1.5	0.45	14	4				4
EVG4U10E020	S55300-M101	20	3	0.9	36	9		1400		5
EVG4U10E025	S55300-M102	25	4.5	1.35	20	5	600 ¹⁾		4000	10
EVG4U10E032	S55300-M103	32	7	2.1	40	10	600 7		11	
EVG4U10E040	S55300-M104	40	11.5	3.45	20	5	800 600	800		26
EVG4U10E050	S55300-M105	50	18	5.4	36	9		30		

		Operating voltage	Positioning signal	Positioning time	Fail-safe function
EVG4U10E015	S55300-M100				
EVG4U10E020	S55300-M101		DC 010 V DC 210 V 420 mA	90 s	
EVG4U10E025	S55300-M102	AC / DC 24 V			
EVG4U10E032	S55300-M103	AC / DC 24 V			-
EVG4U10E040	S55300-M104				
EVG4U10E050	S55300-M105				

If low noise operation is desired, a maximum permissible differential pressure of 200 kPa is recommend.

DN = Nominal size

 \dot{V}_{100} = Volume flow through a fully open valve

 $min\dot{V}_{max}$ = The smallest possible preset volume flow through a fully open valve

 Δp_{V100} = Required minimum differential pressure to guarantee nominal flow \dot{V}_{100}

 Δp_{V50} = Pressure over the fully opened valve at 50 % of nominal flow

Δp_{max} = Maximum permissible differential pressure over the valve control path, valid for the entire positioning range of the valve-actuator unit

 Δp_s = Maximum permissible differential pressure (closing pressure) at which the valve-actuator unit securely closes against the pressure

ps = Permissible operational pressure

k_{VS} = Nominal flow value for cold water (5...30 °C) through a fully opened valve at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar)

- The maximum permissible differential pressure of 600 kPa requires some safety measures:
 - The volume flow limitation to V₁₀₀ must always be adhered to, even in manual operation.
 - Flushing with 600 kPa and a completely open valve is not permitted. During flushing, the ball valve
 must be positioned at 50 % or less; or the flow sensor is to be replaced by a spacer during flushing.
 - Cavitation must be avoided: the static pressure downstream of the valve must be at least as high as
 the differential pressure.

Flanged Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E..

Туре	Stock number	DN	\dot{V}_{100}	<i>min</i> V _{max}	Δp _{V100}	Δp _{V50}	Δp_{max}	Δps	ps	k _{vs}
			[m	³/h]			[kPa]			[m³/h]
EVF4U20E065	S55300-M106	65	30	9	30	7	600 ¹⁾ 1600	000 1) 4000	1500	55
EVF4U20E080	S55300-M107	80	48	14.4	36	9			1200	80
EVF4U20E100	S55300-M108	100	75	22.5	44	11			113	
EVF4U20E125	S55300-M109	125	120	36	71	18		1600	142	
DN150	-	150	170	51	37	9	500	1400		280

		Operating voltage	Positioning signal	Positioning time	Fail-safe function
EVF4U20E065	S55300-M106			20.0	
EVF4U20E080	S55300-M107	AC / DC 24 V	DC 010 V DC 210 V 420 mA	30 s	
EVF4U20E100	S55300-M108	AC / DC 24 V			
EVF4U20E125	S55300-M109				-
DN150	-	AC / DC 24 V (Controller) AC / DC 24 V (Flow Sensor)		120 s	

DN = Nominal size

 \dot{V}_{100} = Volume flow through a fully open valve

 $min\dot{V}_{max}$ = The smallest possible preset volume flow through a fully open valve

 Δp_{V100} = Required minimum differential pressure to guarantee nominal flow \dot{V}_{100}

 $\Delta p_{V50}~$ = Pressure over the fully opened valve at 50 % of nominal flow

 Δp_{max} = Maximum permissible differential pressure over the valve control path, valid for the entire positioning range of the valve-actuator unit

range of the valve-actuator unit

Δps = Maximum permissible differential pressure (closing pressure) at which the valve-actuator unit securely closes against the pressure

ps = Permissible operational pressure

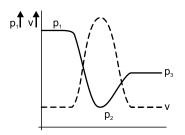
k_{VS} = Nominal flow value for cold water (5...30 °C) through a fully opened valve at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar)

- 1) The maximum permissible differential pressure of 600 kPa requires some safety measures:
 - The volume flow limitation to V₁₀₀ must always be adhered to, even in manual operation.
 - Flushing with 600 kPa and a completely open valve is not permitted. During flushing, the ball valve
 must be positioned at 50 % or less; or the flow sensor is to be replaced by a spacer during flushing.
 - Cavitation must be avoided: the static pressure downstream of the valve must be at least as high as
 the differential pressure.

Cavitation

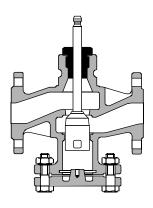
Due to high speeds of the medium in the narrowest part of the valve, local negative pressure occurs (p_2). If this pressure drops below the medium's boiling pressure, cavitation occurs (steam bubbles), possibly leading to material removal (abrasion). Also, when cavitation sets in, the noise level increases abruptly.

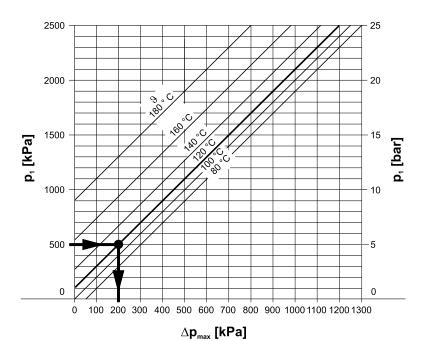
Cavitation can be avoided by limiting the pressure differential across the valve depending on the medium temperature and the prepressure.



• • • : Progression of speed

Progression of pressure



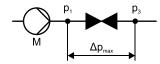


Δp_{max} = Differential pressure with valve almost fully closed at which cavitation can largely be avoided

p₁ = Static pressure at valve inlet
 p₃ = Static pressure at valve outlet

M = Pump

 ϑ = Water temperature



Scope of delivery

The Intelligent Valve is supplied as a complete set consisting of:

EVG Threaded	EVF Flanged					
Intelligent Valve controller						
Actuator						
Flow	sensor					
Contro	ol valve					
Moun	ting set					
Temperature sensor pair for direct installation (order protective pockets separately)	Temperature sensor pair including protective pockets					

The devices are supplied without fittings, mating flange, and gaskets.

Welding sleeves, e.g. WZT-G12, for protective pockets must be ordered separately!

The DN150 solution consist of the components in the table below and have to be ordered separately:

Туре	Stock number	Description
ASE4U10E	S55845-Z205	Intelligent Valve controller for PICVs, series EVG4U and EVF4U
VVF42.150KC	S55204-V186	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN150, PN16, k_{VS} 315
SAV61.00/HR	S55150-A146	Valve actuator 1600 N, 40 mm stroke, AC/DC 24 V, modulating 010 V, highly accurate positioning signal
EZU10-10025	S55845-Z230	Temperature sensor pair Pt1000, PL Ø 6 x 105 mm, cable length 2.5 m
EZT-S100	S55845-Z232	Protective pocket G $\frac{1}{2}$ B", G $\frac{1}{4}$ B", stainless steel, Ø 6.2 x 92.5 mm, for temperature sensors Ø 6 x 105 mm
EZU-WA	S55845-Z234	Wall mount for Intelligent Valve controller
SITRANS FM MAG 5100 W + SITRANS FM MAG 5000 (7ME6520-4HC12-2KA1)	-	Electromagnetic flow sensor + transmitter, DN150

For the DN150 solution, the Intelligent Valve controller cannot be mounted on the SITRANS flow sensor. A remote mounting, e.g. on the wall, is necessary.

Screws, nuts and sealings for connecting the valve and flow sensor are not included in the delivery scope and must be procured additionally.

The SITRANS FM MAG 5000 transmitter is connected to input X3 of the control unit via a 4...20mA signal. Input X3 can be parameterized accordingly in the basic configuration via ABT Go and ABT Site.

In addition to the controller, the sensor-transmitter combination must also be supplied with 24 V AC/DC.

Accessories

Туре	Stock number	Description		
EZT-M40	S55845-Z231	Protective pockets, brass, for DN1550	DN65125 include protective pockets!	
EZU-WA	S55845-Z234	Wall mount for Intelligent Valve controller	At high media temperatures (>90°C)	
EZU-WB	S55845-Z236	Spacers for Intelligent Valve controller	For risk of condensation due to low media temperatures	
EZU10-10060	S55845-Z237	Immersion temperature sensor pair Pt1000	PL Ø 6 x 105 mm, cable length 6 m	
ALX15	S55845-Z174	Filter with internal threading, DN15		
ALX20	S55845-Z175	Filter with internal threading, DN20		
ALX25	S55845-Z176	Filter with internal threading, DN25	Filter	
ALX32	S55845-Z177	Filter with internal threading, DN32	Filter	
ALX40	S55845-Z178	Filter with internal threading, DN40		
ALX50	S55845-Z179	Filter with internal threading, DN50		
ALI15VAG60/61	S55845-Z162	Insulation cover, DN15		
ALI20VAG60/61	S55845-Z163	Insulation cover, DN20		
ALI25VAG60/61	S55845-Z164	Insulation cover, DN25	For thermal insulation	
ALI32VAG60/61	S55845-Z165	Insulation cover, DN32	For thermal insulation	
ALI40VAG60/61	S55845-Z166	Insulation cover, DN40		
ALI50VAG60/61	S55845-Z167	Insulation cover, DN50		
QAC22	BPZ:QAC22	LG-Ni1000 outdoor sensor		
QAD22	BPZ:QAD22	Strap-on temperature sensor LG-Ni1000	Temperature sensor for	
QAE2120.010	BPZ:QAE2120.010	Immersion temperature sensor LG-Ni1000, with protection pocket, 100 mm	the control functions • Flow temperature	
QAE2120.015	BPZ:QAE2120.015	Immersion temperature sensor LG-Ni1000, with protection pocket, 150 mm	control Outside	
QAE2164.010	BPZ:QAE2164.010	Immersion temperature sensor DC 010 V, 100 mm	temperature- dependent flow control	
QAE2164.015	BPZ:QAE2164.015	Immersion temperature sensor DC 010 V, 150 mm	3011101	
QBE3000-D1.6	S55720-S174	Differential pressure sensor for liquids and	01.6 bar	
QBE3000-D2.5	S55720-S175	gases (010 V) for the control function	02.5 bar	
QBE3000-D4	S55720-S176	Differential pressure control	04 bar	

Fittings

Туре	Stock number	Description		
ALG152	BPZ:ALG152	G 1" / Rp ½"		
ALG202	BPZ:ALG202	G 1¼" / Rp ¾"		
ALG252	BPZ:ALG252	G 1½" / Rp 1"		Mallaghia anatinan
ALG322	BPZ:ALG202	G 2" / Rp 1¼"		Malleable cast iron
ALG402	BPZ:ALG202	G 2¼" / Rp 1½"	Fittings set of 2	
ALG502	BPZ:ALG202	G 2¾" / Rp 2"	Fittings set of 22 cap nuts	
ALG152B	S55846-Z100	G 1" / Rp ½"	2 insert nuts	
ALG202B	S55846-Z102	G 1¼" / Rp ¾"	2 flat seals	
ALG252B	S55846-Z104	G 1½" / Rp 1"		Drago
ALG322B	S55846-Z106	G 2" / Rp 11/4"		Brass For medium
ALG402B	S55846-Z108	G 2¼" / Rp 1½"		temperatures up to
ALG502B	S55846-Z110	G 2¾" / Rp 2"		100 °C
ALR20.252B	S55845-Z273	R ¾" / Rp 1"	Reducers set of 2	
ALR32.252B	S55845-Z274	R 1¼" / Rp 1"	Reducer nipples set of 2	

Spare parts

Туре	Stock number	Description
ASE4U10E	S55845-Z205	Intelligent Valve controller for PICVs, series EVG4U and EVF4U
AVG4E015	S55845-Z206	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN15, mounting length 110 mm, threaded, G 3/4 B, PN 16
AVG4E020	S55845-Z207	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN20, mounting length 130 mm, threaded, G 1 B, PN 16
AVG4E025	S55845-Z208	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN25, mounting length 150 mm, threaded, G 1 ½ B, PN 16
AVG4E032	S55845-Z209	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN32, mounting length 135 mm, threaded, G 1 ¼ B, PN 16
AVG4E040	S55845-Z210	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN40, mounting length 200 mm, threaded, G 2 B, PN 16
AVG4E050	S55845-Z212	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN50, mounting length 200 mm, threaded, G 2 B, PN 16
AVF4E065	S55845-Z213	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN65, mounting length 300 mm, flanged DN65, PN 16
AVF4E080	S55845-Z214	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN80, mounting length 300 mm, flanged DN80, PN 16
AVF4E100	S55845-Z215	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN100, mounting length 360 mm, flanged DN100, PN 16
AVF4E125	S55845-Z216	Ultrasonic flow sensor for Intelligent Valve DN125, mounting length 360 mm, flanged DN100, PN 16
SITRANS FM MAG 5100 W ²⁾	-	Electromagnetic flow sensor, DN150
SITRANS FM MAG 5000 ²⁾	-	Transmitter, DN150
ALG15G10B	S55846-Z135	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN15 (EVG41E015),threaded
ALG20G15B	S55846-Z136	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN20 (EVG41E020), threaded
ALG25G25B	S55846-Z137	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN25 (EVG41E025), threaded
ALG32G20B	S55846-Z138	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN32 (EVG41E032), threaded

Туре	Stock number	Description
ALG40G32B	S55846-Z139	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN40 (EVG41E040), threaded
ALG50G32B	S55846-Z140	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN50 (EVG41E050), threaded
ALF4E065	S55845-Z218	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN65 (EVF42E065), flanged
ALF4E080	S55845-Z219	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN80 (EVF42E080), flanged
ALF4E100	S55845-Z220	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN100 (EVF42E100), flanged
ALF4E125	S55845-Z221	Control valve mounting set PN16 for Intelligent Valve DN125 (EVF42E125), flanged
EZU10-2615	S55845-Z229	Temperature sensor pair Pt1000, DS M10x1, Ø 5.2 x 26 mm, cable length 1.5 m
EZU10-10025	S55845-Z230	Temperature sensor pair Pt1000, PL Ø 6 x 105 mm, cable length 2.5 m
EZT-S100	S55845-Z232	Protective pocket G ½ B", G ¼ B", stainless steel, Ø 6.2 x 92.5 mm, for temperature sensors Ø 6 x 105 mm
VAG61.15-6.3	S55230-V104	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN15, k _{vs} 6.3
VAG61.20-10	S55230-V107	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN20, k _{vs} 10
VAG61.25-16	S55230-V110	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN25, k _{vs} 16
VAG61.32-25	S55230-V113	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN32, $k_{\nu s}25$
VAG61.40-40	S55230-V116	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN40, $k_{\mbox{\tiny VS}}$ 40
VAG61.50-63	S55230-V119	2-port control ball valve, externally threaded, PN40, DN50, $k_{\mbox{\tiny VS}}$ 63
VVF42.65KC ¹⁾	S55204-V182	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN65, PN16, flanged for Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E65, $k_{\text{VS}}63$
VVF42.80KC ¹⁾	S55204-V183	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN80, PN16, flanged for Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E80, k_{VS} 100 $$
VVF42.100KC ¹⁾	S55204-V184	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN100, PN16, flanged for Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E100, $k_{\rm VS}$ 160
VVF42.125KC ¹⁾	S55204-V185	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN125, PN16, flanged for Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E125, k_{VS} 200
VVF42.150KC ²⁾	S55204-V186	Pressure compensated control globe valve DN150, PN16, k _{VS} 315
GLA161.9E/HR	S55499-D444	Rotary actuator for ball valves, AC/DC 24 V, 10 Nm, NSR, modulating 010 V Highly accurate positioning signal, only for use with Intelligent Valve EVG4U10E
SAX61.03/HR	S55150-A142	Valve actuator 800 N, 20 mm stroke, AC/DC 24 V, modulating 010 V Highly accurate positioning signal, only for use with Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E, DN65 and DN80
SAV61.00/HR	S55150-A146	Valve actuator 1600 N, 40 mm stroke, AC/DC 24 V, modulating 010 V Highly accurate positioning signal, only for use with Intelligent Valve EVF4U20E, DN100 and DN125
428488060	BPZ:428488060	Stem sealing gland for VVF42.65KC and VVF42.80KC
467956290	BPZ:467956290	Stem sealing gland for VVF42.100KC and VVF42.125KC

¹⁾ Only available as spare part for EVF4U20E..

²⁾ Only available as spare part for DN150.

Product documentation

Title	Content		Document ID
Intelligent Valve - Control valve with integrated energy data acquisition	Data sheet: Product description EVG, EVF	A6V11444716	
Rotary actuators for ball valves in combination with the Intelligent Valve controller	Data sheet: Product description GLA161.9E/HR		A6V11418678
Electromotive actuators in combination with the Intelligent Valve controller	Data sheet: Product description SAX61.03/HR, SAV61.00/HR		A6V11418660
Actuators SAX, SAY, SAV, SAL for valves	Basic document: Comprehensive information on the new generation SAX, SAV actuators.	n of	P4040
EVG/EXG/EVF/EXF	Mounting instructions		A6V11449479
GLA161.9E/HR	Mounting instructions		A6V11418688
AVG4AVF4	Mounting instructions		A6V11478285
Intelligent Valve – Commissioning with ABT Go	Commissioning instructions: Step-by-step description to configure and commiss ABT Go	A6V11422293	
Intelligent Valve – Engineering/Commissioning in Desigo	Engineering instructions: Step-by-step description of integration in Desigo P	A6V11572317	
Intelligent Valve – Modbus Registers	Description of Modbus registers for Intelligent Valv	⁄e	A6V12547886
Intelligent Valve – BACnet Objects	List of BACnet objects for Intelligent Valve		A6V11757108
Intelligent Valve – Onboarding in Operations Manager	Engineering instructions: Step-by-step description of integration in Siemens Operations Manager	A6V11999683	
Readme OSS "Intelligent Valve"	OSS document	V1.2	A6V11676101
	Open source software components, copyrights, licensing agreements	V2.0	A6V12343374
		V3.0	A6V13095123
		V4.0	A6V14032035

Related documents such as environmental declarations, CE declarations, etc., can be downloaded at the following Internet address: http://siemens.com/bt/download

Safety notes

Comply with the following safety notes to protect life, limb, and property.

The safety notes in the document include the following elements:

- Symbol for hazard
- Signal word
- Type and source of hazard
- Consequences in the event the hazard occurs
- Measures or prohibitions to prevent the hazard

Symbol for hazard



This is the symbol for hazard. It warns you of Risks of injury.

Comply with all measures designated by this symbol to prevent injury or death.

Additional hazard symbols

These symbols indicate general hazards, type of hazard, possible consequences, measures and prohibitions, a sample of which is displayed in the following table:



General hazard



Potentially explosive atmospheres



Voltage/electrical shock



Laser light



Battery



Heat

Signal word

The signal word classifies the hazard as defined in the following table:

Signal word	Danger level
DANGER	'DANGER' identifies a dangerous situation, that results directly in death or serious injuries , if you do not avoid this situation.
WARNING	'WARNING' identifies a dangerous situation, that can result in death or serious injuries , if you do not avoid this situation.
CAUTION	'CAUTION' identifies a dangerous situation, that can result in minor or moderate injuries, if you do not avoid this situation.
Note	'NOTE identifies a possible situation that may cause damage if not observed. 'NOTE does not reference possible injury.

Depiction of risk of injury

Notes on risk of injury is depicted as follows:



A

WARNING

Type and source of hazard

Consequences in the event the hazard occurs

Measures/prohibitions to prevent the hazard

DEPICTION for possible damage to property

Notes on possible damage to property is depicted as follows:



NOTICE

Type and source of hazard

Consequences in the event the hazard occurs

Measures/prohibitions to prevent the hazard

Safety





CAUTION

National safety regulations

Failure to comply with national safety regulations may result in personal injury and property damage.

• Observe national provisions and comply with the appropriate safety regulations.

Qualified personnel



NOTICE

Qualified personnel!

Improper installation may override safety measures that a lay person may not recognize.

- Specialized knowledge of heating and air conditioning plants is required for installation.
- Only properly trained personnel may install the equipment.
- Prevent access to lay persons, especially children.

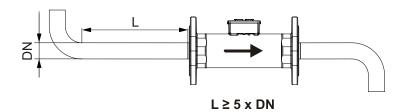
Only persons who can reasonably be expected to reliably conduct the work may actually perform the tasks. Do not permit persons whose reactions may be impaired, e.g. by drugs, alcohol, or medications to perform the tasks.

Heating specialist

Heating specialists are persons who are capable of performing the mechanical work on heating and air conditioning plants and to independently recognize and avoid hazards due to their technical training, knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of applicable standards and regulations.

Heating specialists are specially trained for the work environment where they are active and know the relevant standards and regulations.

An unhindered inlet section of $L \ge 5 \times DN$ must be maintained upstream of the flow sensor to guarantee the indicated measurement and control accuracy.

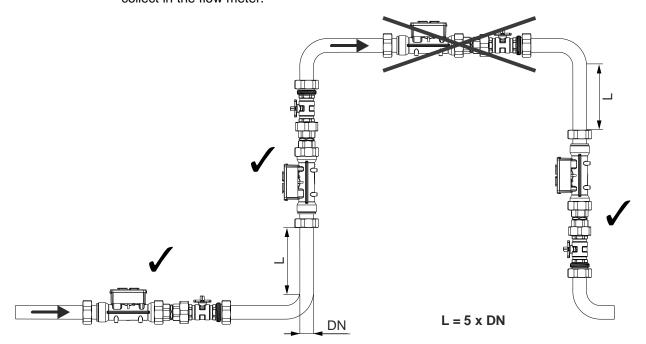


Valve	Symbol / flow direction	Flow in control mode		Valve stem	
	EVG / EVF	Input	Output	SAX / SAV: Retracts	SAX / SAV: Extends
				GLA: Clockwise rotation	GLA: Counterclockwise rotation
Intelligent Valve	Flow direction	Vari	able	Closes	Opens



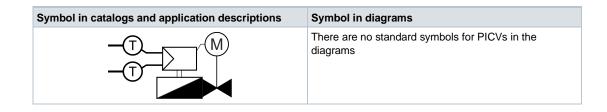
The indicated flow direction (arrow on the flow sensor and valve body) must be correct; the Intelligent Valve cannot otherwise be operated!

Do not install it at the highest point on the partial plant since air bubbles may otherwise collect in the flow meter.



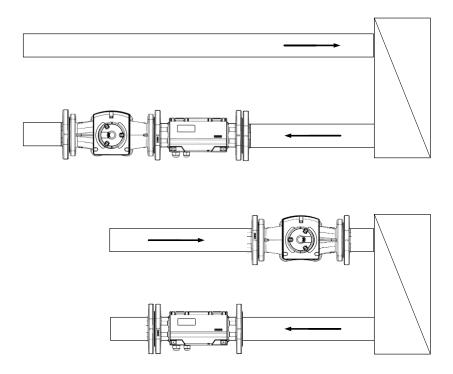
The rule is: Measure first, then control – in other words, the flow sensor must always be mounted upstream of the control valve in a compact installation.

The Intelligent Valve must be installed in the return for optimum performance. The components are subject to less wear and tear due to the lower temperatures.



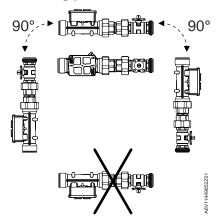
We recommend installing a filter or strainer, e.g. ALX.., in the flow to the heat exchanger. This increases the reliability and life cycle of the Intelligent Valve.

The flow sensor and control valve can be installed separately:

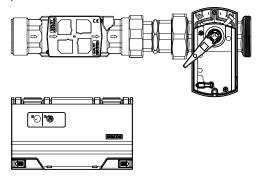


The Intelligent Valve is assembled at the mounting location. No adjustments, with the exception of configuring with the ABT Go app (see Commissioning [\rightarrow 30]) nor special tools are required. Separate mounting instructions are included with the valve and flow sensor.

Mounting positions



Mount the flow sensor in the return if the media temperatures exceed 90 °C. If not possible, mount the Intelligent Valve controller remotely from the flow sensor and use the wall-mount plate EZU-WA.

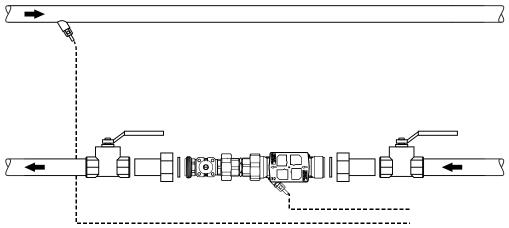


Mounting the temperature sensors

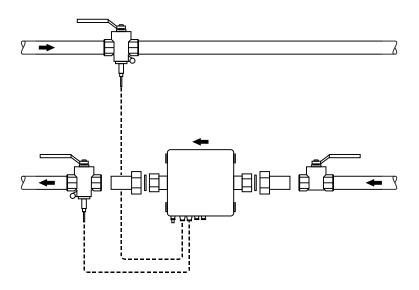
Threaded valves EVG4U10E..

The EVG.. threaded valves are supplied with direct immersion temperature sensors EZU10-2615.

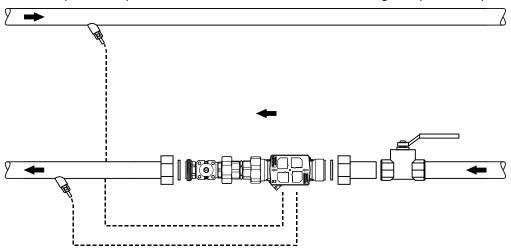
The sensors with the M10x1 threaded connection can be directly immersed in the flow sensor. The second temperature sensor is also directly immersed with the WZT-G10 welding sleeve (available as accessory).



As an alternative, the sensors can be immersed directly in off-the-shelf ball valves with integrated measuring points (e.g. Siemens WZT-K.. / Jumo 902442/11) or t-pieces (e.g. Jumo 902442/31).



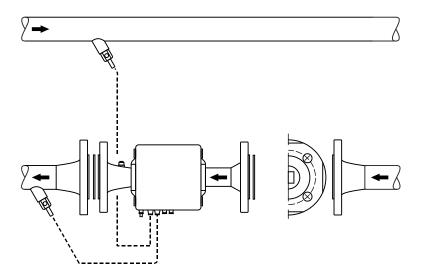
The brass protective pockets EZT-M40 are available for mounting with protective pockets.



Flanged valves EVF4U20E..

The EVF.. flanged valves include the temperature sensors EZU10-10025 for installing in the protective pockets EZT-S100 (also included).

Welding sleeves must be planned on the construction side (e.g. WZT-G12) – Installation example with protective pocket.



Mounting the controllers

For the EVG.. valves and EVF.. valves, the controller can be mounted either onto the flow sensor or to the wall.

For the DN150 solution, the controller cannot be mounted onto the flow sensor. A mounting to the wall is recommended.

The device has only a simple user interface.

Siemens ABT Go app is used to actually commission the device.

ABT Go App (Version 3.3.1 or later)

The Siemens ABT Go app is available in iOS and Android versions in the corresponding app stores and can be used on smartphones and tablets. It connects directly over WLAN. The Intelligent Valve's own WLAN button activates the device's WLAN access point.

The following are the most important setting parameters for commissioning the Intelligent Valve:

Parameter	Value range	Description	Factory setting	Access level
Valve design	2-port valve.3-port valve	Selection for controlling a 2-port or 3-port valve.	2-port valve.	Measuring and control technician
Control function	 Dynamic control valve Differential pressure controller Flow temperature controller Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller Control valve for changeover 	See Use [→ 2]	Dynamic control valve	Measuring and control technician
Control mode	Volume flow controlPosition controlPower control	See Control modes as dynamic control valve [→ 6]	Volume flow control	Measuring and control technician
V _{max}	30100 %	Maximum volume flow applicable to all control modes. It is used for hydronic balancing of the consumer. Can be set in the ABT Go app in the units m³/h, l/h, l/min or l/s.	Active 100 %	Installer
\dot{V}_{min}	2.520 %	Minimum volume flow applicable to all control modes. Can be set in the ABT Go app in the units m³/h, l/h, l/min or l/s.	Inactive	Installer
Setpoint source	 Terminal BACnet IP (remote) Modbus RTU Local 	Selection whether to interpret input X1 as the setpoint, whether it originates from a BACnet or Modbus network, or whether it is set (e.g. in the event of differential pressure control) locally to a fixed value.	Terminal	Measuring and control technician
Setpoint signal type	010 V210 V420 mA	Signal type pending at input X1	010 V	Measuring and control technician
Actual value parameter	 Position Volume flow 0V₁₀₀ Power Primary flow temperature Primary return temperature Temperature difference flow/return 	Selection whether the analog signal on output X2 represents the valve position or volume flow. In the event of volume flow, $0V_{100} = 0100 \%$.	Deactivated	Measuring and control technician
Actual value signal type	010 V210 V420 mA	Signal type pending at output X2	-	Measuring and control technician
Flow characteristics	LinearEqual percentageHeat exchanger optimized	The flow characteristic flow can be selected in the volume flow control mode.	Linear	Measuring and control technician

User interface on the device

Service LED [1]

Indicates the operating state (see table below)

Service button [2]

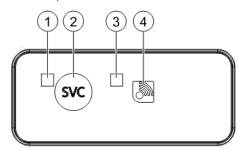
- Trigger wink
- Override setpoint and set V_{max} for 10 minutes (press for 3...6 s)
- Start flow test (press for 6...8 s)

Communication LED [3]

 Indicates the communication state (see table below)

WLAN button [4]

 Enable integrated WLAN Access Point for 10 min (press for ca. 0.5 s)



- Reset device to factory settings
 - Press both buttons ([2], [4]) at the same time for 10...15 s: The LEDs ([1], [3]) slowly flash orange for 10 s
 - You can cancel the process during these 10 seconds by releasing the buttons.
 - After flashing for 10 s, the LEDs flash quickly for ca. 5 s and the reset is triggered by releasing the buttons.
 - The controller returns to normal operation without resetting if you continue to press the buttons.

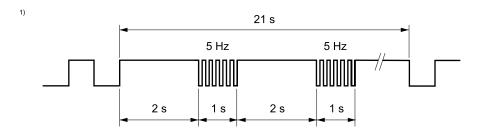


NOTICE

All configurations, network settings, commissioning parameters, and passwords are set to factory settings!

This action cannot be cancelled nor reversed.

Service LE	D			svc
Color	Blinking pa	ttern	Description	
	On	Off		
White	Continuous	-	Device starting up	
Green	0.5 s	0.5 s	Device in configuration mode	
	4.75 s	0.25 s	Normal operation	
	0.25 s	0.25 s	Stop local forced control	
Blue	0.5 s	0.5 s	Local forced control – Flow test	
Yellow	0.5 s	0.5 s	Local forced control – Continuous volume flow \dot{V}_{max}	
Red	0.5 s	0.5 s	Fault input/output or component: Flow sensor Wrong direction of flow Air in sensor Sensor connection faulty Temperature sensors Damaged cable Short circuit Actuator Blocked Faulty connection Setpoint input terminal Faulty connection Invalid signal	
	2 s / 5 Hz	- / 5 Hz	Flashing to wink command for physical device identification 1)	
	Continuous	-	Fault	
Orange	0.5 s	0.5 s	Reset to factory settings being prepared	
	0.1 s	0.1 s	Reset to factory settings is triggered	
_	-	-	Undervoltage	

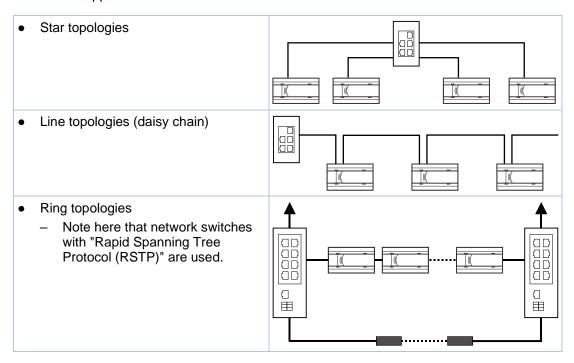


Communicat	ion LED		<u>হ</u>
Color	Blinking pat	ttern	Description
	On	Off	
-	-	-	No communicationEthernet cable unpluggedDevice starting up
Blue 0.5 s 0.5 s		0.5 s	WLAN enabled
	Continuous	-	WLAN data transmission
Green	0.5 s	0.5 s	TCP/IP communications error – IP address not available
	Continuous	-	TCP/IP data transmission 1)
Purple	0.5 s	0.5 s	TCP/IP data transmission with Siemens Building Operator (Cloud)
Orange	Continuous	-	Modbus connected and configured – no data transmission via EIA-485
	0.5 s	0.5 s	Active communication via EIA-485
	0.5 s	0.5 s	Reset to factory settings being prepared ²⁾
	0.1 s	0.1 s	Reset to factory settings is triggered

With a daisy chain layout, it is only possible to check if a neighbour device is connected – the chain to the switch/router is not ensured and may even be broken.

Network integration BACnet IP

The Intelligent Valve can be integrated over TCP/IP in a BACnet IP network. The device supports:

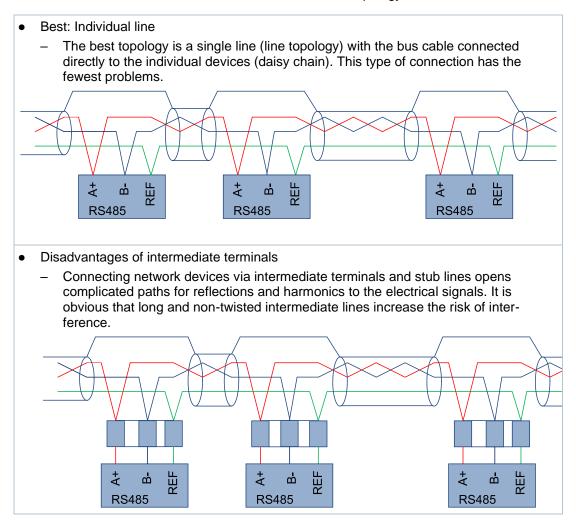


In the case of a daisy chain, it is recommended not to use more than 10 devices per chain. A complete list of supported BACnet data points is included in the document "Intelligent Valve – BACnet Objects" (Product documentation [\rightarrow 22]).

ABT Go app configures the network parameters (IP address, subsegment, etc.).

²⁾ Applies only if SVC LED also flashes synchronously.

The Intelligent Valve can be integrated over EIA-485 in a Modbus RTU network. Although the RS485 standard is simple and well-proven, important requirements and experience must be taken into account. This starts with the selection of the topology:



Maintenance

Control valves EVF.. and EVG.. are maintenance free.

Disposal



The device is considered an electronic device for disposal in terms of the European Directive and may not be disposed of as domestic waste.

- Use only designated channels for disposing the devices.
- Comply with all local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

Intended use



A

WARNING

Intended use

Improper use can result in injury as well as damage to the product or plant.

- Siemens product may only be used with user cases set forth in the catalog and associated technical documentation.
- User-related technical data are only guaranteed in connection with the products listed in this document. Siemens rejects any and all warranties in the event that third-party products are used.
- Trouble-free and safe product operation presupposes transport, storage, setup, mounting, installation, commissioning, operation, and servicing as intended.
- You must comply with permissible ambient conditions. Comply with all notes in the associated documentation.

Exemption from liability

The content of this document was reviewed to ensure it matches the hardware and firmware described herein. Nevertheless, differences may occur so that we are unable to fully guarantee a complete match. The information provided in this document is reviewed on a regular basis and any required corrections are added to the next edition. We always welcome suggestions on how to improve documentation.

Directive on Radio Equipment

The device uses a harmonized frequency in Europe and also meets the requirements under the Directive on Radio Equipment (2014/53/EU, previously 1999/5/EC).

Software license overview

These devices use Open Source Software (OSS); see the OSS document on the specific controller type and VVS.

All Open Source Software components used in the product (to include copyrights and licensing agreement) are available at http://siemens.com/bt/download.

Firmware version	OSS documen	Controller	
	Document ID	Title	
FW01.21.xxxxx	A6V14032035	Readme OSS "Intelligent Valve", V4.0	
FW01.20.xxxxx	A6V13095123	Readme OSS "Intelligent Valve", V3.0	ASE4U10E
FW01.19.xxxxx	A0V 13093123	Reaume 033 intelligent valve, v3.0	
FW01.18.xxxxx	A6V12343374	Readme OSS "Intelligent Valve", V2.0	
FW01.17.xxxxx	A6V12343374		
FW01.16.xxxxx		Readme OSS "Intelligent Valve", V1.2	
FW01.15.xxxxx	A6V11676101		
FW01.14.xxxxx			
FW01.13.xxxxx			

Cyber security disclaimer

Siemens provides a portfolio of products, solutions, systems and services that includes security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks. In the field of Building Technologies, this includes building automation and control, fire safety, security management as well as physical security systems.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art security concept. Siemens' portfolio only forms one element of such a concept.

You are responsible for preventing unauthorized access to your plants, systems, machines and networks which should only be connected to an enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent such a connection is necessary and only when appropriate security measures (e.g. firewalls and/or network segmentation) are in place. Additionally, Siemens' guidance on appropriate security measures should be taken into account. For additional information, please contact your Siemens sales representative or visit

https://www.siemens.com/global/en/home/company/topic-areas/future-of-manufacturing/industrial-security.html.

Siemens' portfolio undergoes continuous development to make it more secure. Siemens strongly recommends that updates are applied as soon as they are available and that the latest versions are used. Use of versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply the latest updates may increase your exposure to cyber threats. Siemens strongly recommends to comply with security advisories on the latest security threats, patches and other related measures, published, among others, under https://www.siemens.com/cert/en/cert-security-advisories.htm.

Dimensions and weight

See Dimensions [→ 49]

Power s	upply	EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E DN6580	EVF4U20E DN100125	DN150
Operating voltage		AC 24 V ~ ±20 % (19.228.8 V ~) DC 24 V = ±20 % (19.228.8 V =)			AC 24 V ~ (19.224 V ~) DC 24 V = (19.228.8 V =)
Frequen	су	50 / 60 Hz			
	onsumption including ed field devices				
	Operation	5 W	6.25 W	8 W	17 W
	Normal position	2.7 W	3.5 W	3.5 W	12 5 W
	Sizing	8.5 VA	14 VA	16 VA	25 VA
Power co	onsumption ASE4U10E				
	Operation	3.5 W			
	Normal position	2 W			
	Sizing	6 VA (controller without actuator!)			
Internal f	fuse	Irreversible			
External fusing of supply line		 Fuse slow 610 A Circuit breaker: Max. 13 A, type B, C, D per EN 60898 Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A 			

Interfaces	Interfaces				
Ethernet	Plugs: 2 x RJ45, screened Interface type: 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3 compatible Bitrates: 10/100 Mbps, autosensing Protocol: BACnet over UDP/IP				
USB (2.0)	Plug: Micro-B Data rate: 1.5 Mbps and 12 Mbps No galvanic isolation to ground				
L-bus	Baud rate: 2.4 kBaud Bus power: 10 mA Short-circuit proof: protection against faulty wiring at max. AC 24 V				

Modbus RT	U interface		
Interface typ	е	EIA-485, galvanically isolated	
Baud rates		9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 / 76800 / 115200	
	Default	19200	
Internal bus	termination	120 Ω, switchable with ABT Go	
Internal bus	polarization	270 Ω / 270 Ω – NOT switchable!	
Cabling (only inside b	ouilding)	3-core cable	
	Length	Max. 1000 m (3300 ft)	
	NOTICE	The baud rate must be adapted to match the cable length.	
Protection		Short-circuit proof: protection against faulty wiring at AC 24 V	
Maximum nu devices (nod segment		31	

Function data

Control valve		EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E	DN150	
Nominal flow		See Type summary [→ 15]			
Adjustable flo	ow as [%] of V ₁₀₀		30100 %		
Permissible r	media		d hot water, ene glycol ≤ 35 %	Chilled and hot water	
Control	Water		±5 %		
accuracy	Water with ethylene glycol	±10	0 %	-	
Minimum cor	ntrollable flow		1 % of V ₁₀₀		
Medium	Water	11	20 °C	170 °C	
temperature	Water with ethylene glycol	19	00 °C	-	
Operating pro	essure p _s	1600 kPa	See Type sui	mmary [→ 15]	
Differential p	ressure Δp _{max} / Δp _s	See Type summary [→ 15]			
Flow charact (Control mod	eristic curve le "Volume flow control")	Selectable (linear, equal percentage optimized in closing range with ngl 14, compensation for heat exchanger characteristic curve)			
Leakage rate	,	Waterproof per EN 60534-4 L/1, improved class 5	00.03 % of k _{VS} value		
Mounting position		Upright to horizontal		Valve/actuator: upright to horizontal Flow sensor: vertical installation with upwards flow (recommended), or horizontal installation with terminal box upwards or downwards	
Valve body		Brass	_		
Blank flange		-	Cast iron		
Valve stem, seat, ball		Brass	Stainle	ss steel	
Stem sealing gland		EPDM			

Actuator	EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E DN6580	EVF4U20E DN100125, DN150
	GLA161.9E/HR	SAX61.03/HR	SAV61.00/HR
Positioning time (at the specified nominal stroke)	90 s	30 s	120 s
Positioning force	-	800 N	1600 N
Nominal torque	10 Nm		
Nominal rotational angle	90°		-
Nominal stroke	-	20 mm	40 mm

Flow measurement		EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E	DN150
Measuring principle		Ultrasonic		Electromagnetic
Ultrasonic volume flow measurement		Yes		
Measuring	Water	±2 % (25100 % V ₁₀₀)		
accuracy	Water with ethylene glycol	±6 % (25100 % V ₁₀₀) ¹⁾		-
Minimum flow measurement		0.8 % of V ₁₀₀		

Flow measurement		EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E	DN150
Material of measuring pipe	DN1550	Brass		-
	DN65		Brass	
	DN80		Nodular cast iron EN-GJS-500	-
	DN100125		Brass	
	DN150	-	-	Carbon steel ASTM A 105 with corrosion-resistant coating of category C4 or C5 per ISO 12944-2

¹⁾ Verified with Antifrogen® N by Clariant.

Temperature measurement		EVG4U10E	EVF4U20E DN150	
Measuring accuracy a	bsolute temperature	±0.6 °C at 20 °C ±0.8 °C at 60 °C (Pt1000 EN60751, class B)		
Measuring accuracy to	emperature difference	±0.2 K at	ΔT = 20 K	
Resolution		0.085 °C		
Prototype test certification	ate Module B per MID	A0445/2112/2007	DE-06-MI004-PTB011	
Permissible operating sensor	Permissible operating pressure for direct immersion sensor		-	
Housing for direct immersion sensor DS M10x1, Ø 5.2 x 26 mm, cable length 1.5 m		Stainless steel	-	
Protective pocket G $\frac{1}{2}$ B", Ø 6.2 x 92.5 mm for temperature sensors Ø 6 x 105 mm				
Permissible operational pressure		PN 25		
	Material	Brass	Stainless steel	

Inputs

The inputs are protected against incorrect wiring AC/DC 24 V.

Setpoint signal input, analog (input X1) in control functions "Dynamic control valve" and "Dynamic control valve (changeover)"					
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	Input resistance (R _{in})		
AI 010 V	010 V (-111 V) DC 010 V = 0100 %	1 mV	100 kΩ		
AI 210 V	210 V (111 V) DC 210 V = 0100 %	1 mV	100 kΩ		
AI 420 mA	420 mA (020 mA) 420 mA = 0100 %	2.3 μΑ	<460 Ω		
Open connection: Negative vol	tage -3.1 V (line failure detection)	·			

Setpoint signal input, analog (input X1) in control function "Flow temperature controller" Input resistance Resolution Туре Range (over range) (R_{in}) AI 0...10 V 0... 10 V (-1...11V) 1 mV 100 kΩ DC 0... 10 V = 0... 100°C AI 2...10 V 2...10 V (1...11 V) 1 mV $100\;k\Omega$ DC 2...10 V = 0...100 °C 4...20 mA (0...20 mA) 4...20 mA = 0...100 °C AI 4...20 mA <460 Ω 2.3 μΑ Open connection: Negative voltage -3.1 V (line failure detection)

Signal input, analog (input X1) in control function "Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller"						
Type Range (over range) Resolution Input resistar (R _{in})						
AI (LG-)Ni1000		55 mK 0.099 °F 85 mK (CIOR -50400 °C) 0.153 °F 45 mK 0.081 °F		-		
AI Pt1000 (385/EU)	-40150 °C (-45160 °C) -40302 °F (-49320 °F)			-		
AI Ni1000 DIN				-		
AI 010 V	0 10 V (-1 11 V) DC 0 10 V = -50 50°C	1 mV		100 kΩ		

Position feedback actuator, analog (Input U)					
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	Input resistance (R _{in})		
AI 010 V	010 V (-111 V)	1 mV	100 kΩ		
Open connection: Negative voltage -3.1 V (line failure detection)					

Temperature measurement for power measurement, analog (Inputs B7, B26)					
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution			
AI Pt1000 (385/EU)	-40150 °C (-45160 °C) -40302 °F (-49320 °F)	85 mK 0.153 °F			

Temperature measurement, analog (Input X3) in control functions "Flow temperature controller" and "Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller"			
Type Range (over range) Resolution			
AI Pt1000 (385/EU)		85 mK 0.153 °F	
AI (LG-)Ni1000	-40150 °C (-45160 °C) -40302 °F (-49320 °F)	55 mK 0.099 °F	
AI Ni1000 DIN		45 mK 0.081 °F	

Voltage measurement, analog (Input X3) in control functions "Differential pressure controller"			
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	
AI 010 V	010 V (-111 V)	1 mV	100 kΩ
Al 010 V standard 0100 % (-10110 %) 1 mV			
Open connection: Negative voltage -1.5 V, 8 µA (line failure detection)			

Flow measurement, digital (Input DU)

Use only the flow sensors specified in the data sheet.

Flow measurement, analog (Input X3) for DN150			
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	Input (resistance (R _{in})
AI 420 mA	420 mA (020 mA)	2.3 µA	<460 Ω
Use only the flow sensor specified in the data sheet.			

Outputs

The outputs are protected against short circuiting and incorrect wiring AC/DC 24 V.

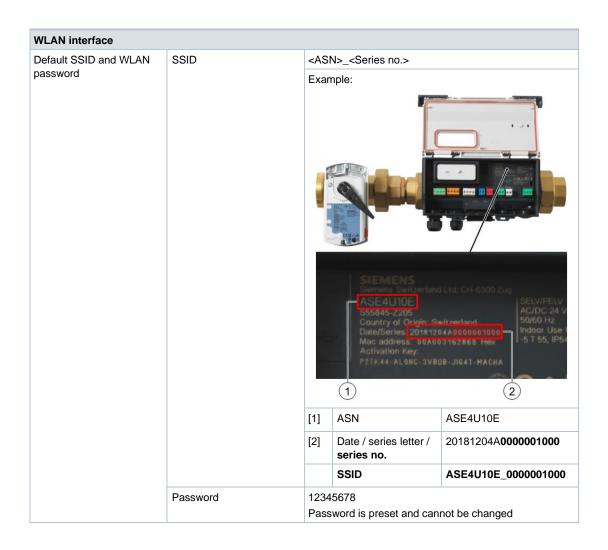
Position feedback, analog (output X2)			
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	Output current / output impedance
AO 0-10 V	010 V (010.5 V)	11 mV	Max. 1 mA
AO 420 mA	420 mA (420 mA)	22 μΑ	<650 Ω

Signal output actuator, analog (Output Y)			
Туре	Range (over range)	Resolution	Output current
AO 0-10 V	010 V (010.5 V)	11 mV	Max. 1 mA

Switching output relay Q1 (connection terminals Q13, Q14)	
Туре	Relay
Switching voltage	AC 24 V / DC 30 V
Permissible load current	100 mA

Supply for field devices (outputs V ≂)	
Output voltage	AC / DC 24 V
Permissible load current	10 A
Protection against overload	None

WLAN interface	
Interface type	Wireless access point
Supported standards	IEEE 802.11b/g/n
Frequency band	2.4 GHz
WLAN channels	3
Transmission power	17 dBm
Distance (unobstructed field)	Min. 5 m (16 ft)
Device pairing	Activation/deactivation with service button Automatic switch off after 10 minutes if no WLAN client is connected.



Conformity

Protection class	
Housing from vertical to horizontal (see Mounting [→ 27])	IP 54 as per EN 60529
Insulation class	As per EN 60730
AC / DC 24 V	III

Ambient conditions		
Operation		as per EN 60721-3-3
	Climatic conditions	Class 3K5
	Mounting location	Indoors (weather-protected)
	Temperature (general)	-5< 55 °C
	Humidity (non-condensing)	595 % r.h.
Transportation	า	as per EN 60721-3-2
	Climatic conditions	Class 2K3
	Temperature	-2570 °C
	Humidity	< 95% r.h.
Storage		Per IEC 60721-3-1
	Climatic conditions	Class 1K5
	Temperature	-555 °C
	Humidity	595 % r.h.
Max. media temperature when mounted on valve		120 °C

Directives, standards and approvals		
Product standards		EN 60730-x
Electromagnetic compatibility (field of use)		For residential, commercial, and industrial environments
EU conformity (CE)		
	EVG / EVF	A6V11692721 1)
	ASE4U10E	A6V11664685 1)
	AVG4E/ AVF4E	A6V11692707 1)
	GLA161.9E/HR	A6V101082021 1)
	SAV61.00/HR	A6V10455624 1)
	SAX61.03/HR	A6V10321559 1)
	EZU10	A6V11692688 1)
RCM Conformity		
	EVG / EVF	A6V11694334 1)
	ASE4U10E	A6V11692702 1)
	AVG4E/ AVF4E	A6V11692730 1)
	GLA161.9E/HR	A6V101082027 1)
	SAV61.00/HR	A6V10455626 1)
	SAX61.03/HR	A6V10402431 1)
EAC compliance		Eurasian compliance for all EVG/EVF
WiFi		
	China	CMIIT ID 2020 DJ 3810
	Korea	KC R-R-S7M-ASE4U10E
	Singapore	Complies with IMDA Standards DB01752

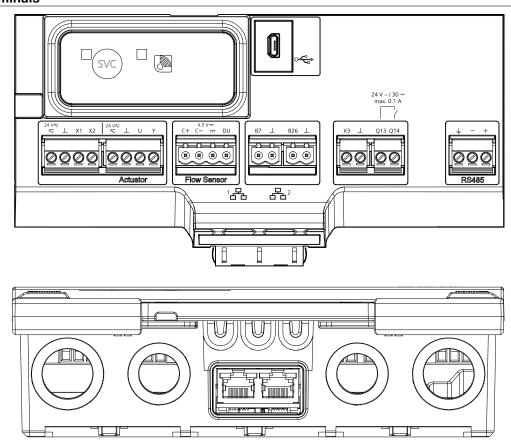
Environmental compatibility

The product environmental declarations below contain data on environmentally compatible product design and assessments (RoHS compliance, material composition, packaging, environmental benefit, and disposal).

assessments (Rons compliance, material composition, packaging, environmental benefit, and disposal).		
	ASE4U10E	A6V11684717 1)
	AVG4E	A6V11654066 1)
	AVF4E	A6V11654064 ¹⁾
	ALF4E	A6V11654081 1)
	EZU10	A6V11684742 ¹⁾
	GLA161.9E/HR	A6V101033533 ¹⁾
	SAV61.00/HR	A6V10450170 ¹⁾
	SAX61.03/HR	A6V10691442 ¹⁾
	VVF42KC	A6V10824366 1)
	EZT	A6V11684744 ¹⁾
	EZU-WA, EZU-WB	A6V11654200 ¹⁾

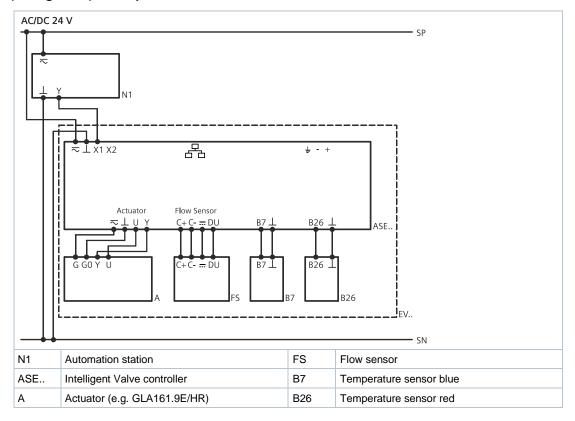
¹⁾ Documents can be downloaded at http://www.siemens.com/bt/download

Connection terminals

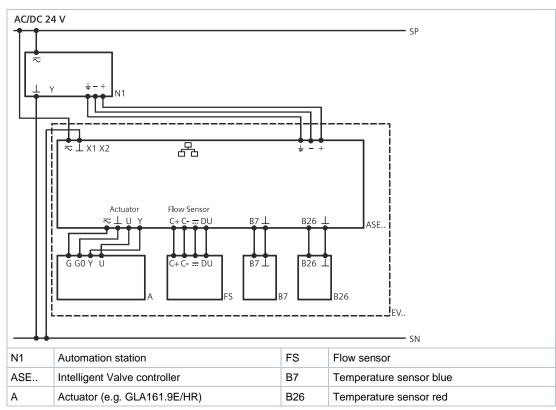


Connecting thread	Description	Terminal
1, 2 Ethernet	2 x RJ45 interface for 2-port Ethernet switch	
	Power SELV/PELV AC/DC 24 V	≂
	System zero	Т
	Setpoint input Intelligent Valve: DC 0/210 V; 420 mA (Passive or active temperature sensor in the control function "Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller")	X1
	Actual value output Intelligent Valve: DC 0/210 V; 420 mA	X2
USB	USB interface	•
Actuator	Field supply AC 24 V for actuator	≂
	System zero	T
	Position feedback actuator DC 010 V	U
	Positioning signal actuator DC 010 V	Υ
Flow sensor	L-bus potential	C+
	L-bus neutral (Galvanically insulated)	C-
	Power flow sensor (DC 4.5 V)	===
	Pulse input	DU
Inputs analog	Passive temperature input	B7
	System zero	\perp
	Passive temperature input	B26
	System zero	\perp
	Universal input (DC 010 V / passive temperature sensor input)	Х3
	System zero	Τ
Outputs	Switching output AC 24 V; DC 30 V; 0,1 A	Q13
		Q14
RS485	EIA-485 interface (Modbus RTU)	Ť
	Supported from software version 1.18.xxxxx	-
		+
Service	Service button	SVC
Display	Operation LED	
Com/WLAN	WLAN button	
Display	Communication LED	

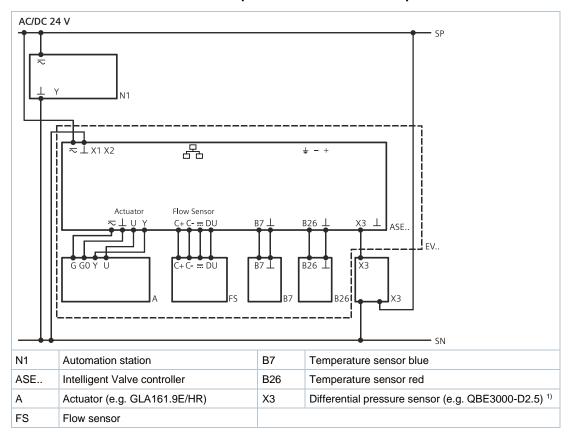
For the control functions "Dynamic control valve" and "Dynamic control valve (changeover)" – Setpoint source terminal



For the control functions "Dynamic control valve" and "Dynamic control valve (changeover)" – Setpoint source Modbus

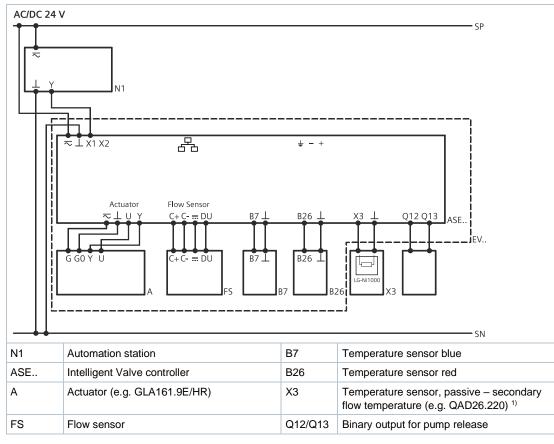


For the control function "Differential pressure controller" - Setpoint internal



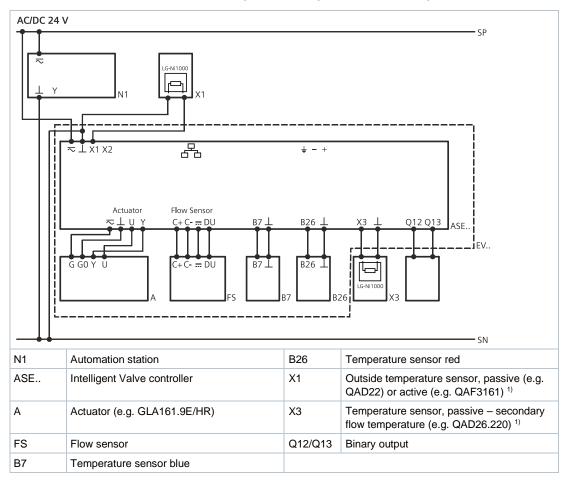
¹⁾ Temperature sensors are not included; they have to be ordered separately.

For the control function "Flow temperature controller" - Setpoint source terminal



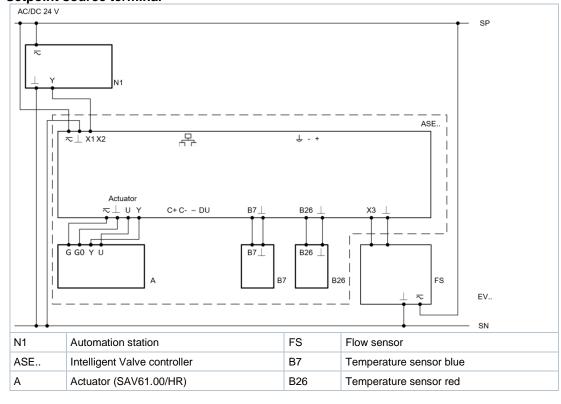
¹⁾ Temperature sensors are not included; they have to be ordered separately.

For the control function "Outside temperature-dependent flow temperature controller"

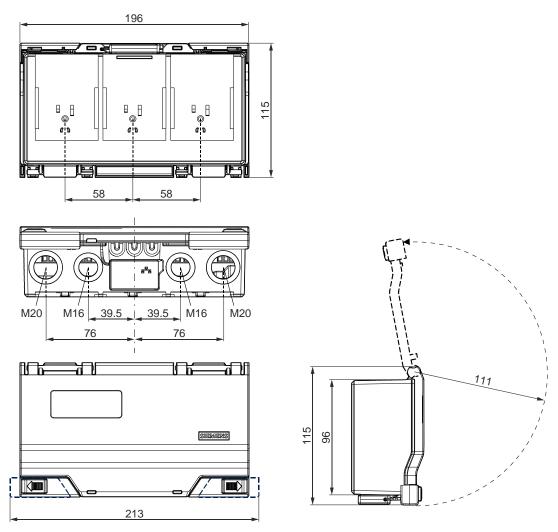


¹⁾ Temperature sensors are not included; they have to be ordered separately.

Connection diagram for DN150: For the control function "Dynamic control valve" – Setpoint source terminal



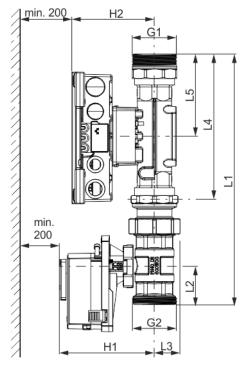
Intelligent Valve controller, ASE4U10E

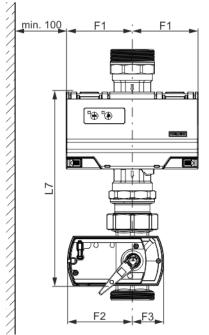


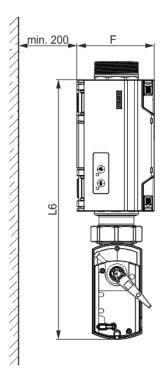
Dimensions in mm

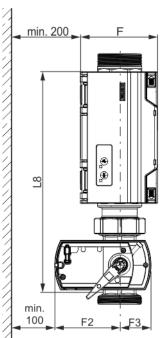


Threaded, EVG4U10E..







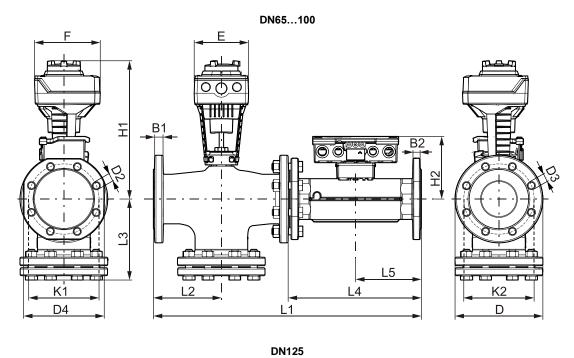


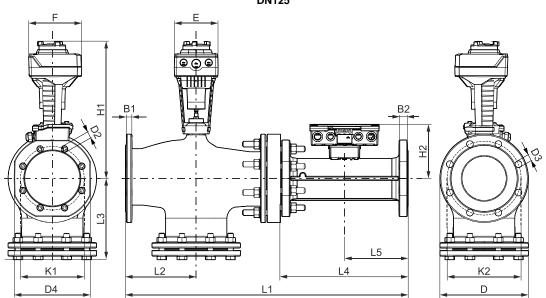
Dimensions in mm

Valve type	F	F1	F2	F3	G1	G2	H1	H2	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	kg
EVG4U10E015					G 1	В	130	110	225	43.5	20.5	110	63.5	371.5	213	311	2.5
EVG4U10E020					G 13	⁄4 B	130	112	252.5	45	25	130	74	387	228	268.5	2.9
EVG4U10E025	115	98	98	46	G 1½	⁄2 B	132,5	116	263	45	28	142.5	75	338.5	237.5	278	3.4
EVG4U10E032	115	90	90	46	G 2	2 B	136	116	244	50	35.5	145	74	373.5	214.5	313	3.7
EVG4U10E040					G 21	⁄4 B	142	100	366	58.05	38	208	114	389	288	328.5	5.8
EVG4U10E050					G 23	¾ B	155	123	350	62.5	48	225	116.5	366	265.5	306	6.8

¹⁾ Arrangement not possible

Flanged, EVF4U20E..

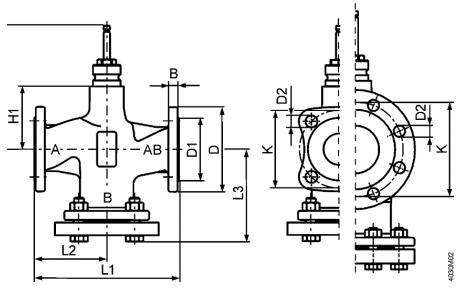




Dimensions in mm

Valve type	B1	B2	D	D2	D3	D4	Е	F	H1	H2	K 1	K2	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	k g		
EVF4U20E065	17	19	184	18 (4x)	19 (4x)	170			240	136	145	145	591	145	174	200	450	30.3		
EVF4U20E080	19	18	200	19 (8x)		185	404	450	316	143	160	160	611	155	186	300	150	40.9		
EVF4U20E100	20	00	220	40 (0)	19 (8x)				124	150	375	454	400	180	711	175	206	000	400	61.6
EVF4U20E125	15	23	250	19 (8x)		216			388	154	180	210	800	200	228	360	180	81.6		

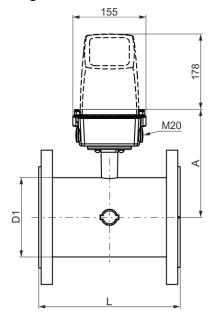
Flanged 2-way valve, VVF42.150KC



Dimensions in mm

Valve type	В	øD	øD1	øD2	L1	L2	L3	øK	H1	H2	kg
EVG4U10E015	15	284	211	23 (8x)	480	240	272.5	240	150.5	267	65

Flanged flow sensor and Transmitter, SITRANS FM MAG 5100 W + MAG 5000

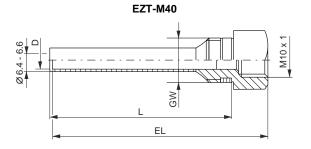


Dimensions in mm

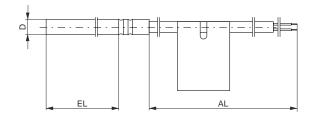
Туре	DN	Α	D1	L	kg
SITRANS FM MAG 5100 W + MAG 5000	150	232	168	300	26.8

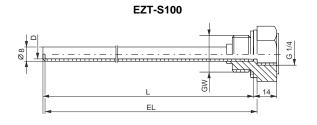
Temperature sensors EZU.., protective pockets EZT..

EZU10-2615



EZU10-10025 / EZU10-10060



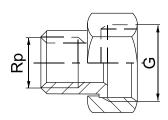


Dimensions in mm

Temperature sensors					
Туре	D	EL	G	AL	
EZU10-2615	5.2	26.5	M10x1	1500	
EZU10-10025		00.5		2500	
EZU10-10060	6	92.5	-	6000	

Protective pockets							
Туре	D	EL	L	GW	sw		
EZT-M40	5.2	50	40	G 1/4	17		
EZT-S100	6.2	100	92.5	G ½	27		

Fittings



For 2-port valves EVG4U	10E (2-piece set)	G	Rp			
Туре	Valve type	[inch]				
ALG152 / ALG152B	EVG4U10E015	G 1 B	Rp ½			
ALG202 / ALG202B	EVG4U10E020	G 1¼ B	Rp ¾			
ALG252 / ALG252B	EVG4U10E025	G 1½ B	Rp 1			
ALG322 / ALG322B	EVG4U10E032	G 2 B	Rp 11/4			
ALG402 / ALG402B	EVG4U10E040	G 2¼ B	Rp 1½			
ALG502 / ALG502B	EVG4U10E050	G 2¾ B	Rp 2			

- Valves side with cylindrical threading per ISO 228-1
- Pipe side with cylindrical threading per ISO 7-1
- ALG..B fittings up to 100 °C medium temperature

Revision numbers

Туре	Valid from rev. no.	Туре	Valid from rev. no.
EVG4U10E015 S55300-M100	В	EVF4U20E065 S55300-M106	A
EVG4U10E020 S55300-M101	В	EVF4U20E080 S55300-M107	A
EVG4U10E025 S55300-M102	В	EVF4U20E100 S55300-M108	A
EVG4U10E032 S55300-M103	В	EVF4U20E125 S55300-M109	A
EVG4U10E040 S55300-M104	В		
EVG4U10E050 S55300-M105	В		

Model info	ASN=ASE4U10E; HW=2.2.0
Firmware revision	09.54.14.06; APP=1.21.9726; SVS-300.6.SBC=15.00; ISC=01.00
Application software version	AAS-20:SU=SiUn; APT=HvacFnct34; APTV=2.407

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